

Midterm Review

UNFPA Strategic Plan & Integrated Budget 2022-2025

Executive Board Informal Briefing
14 February 2024



Outline

- Global context
- 2. Noticeable progress (2022-2023)
- 3. Global trends toward 3 Zeros
- 4. Strategic priorities for 2024-2025
- 5. Preparing for SP 2026-2029
- 6. Integrated budget MTR
- 7. Discussion



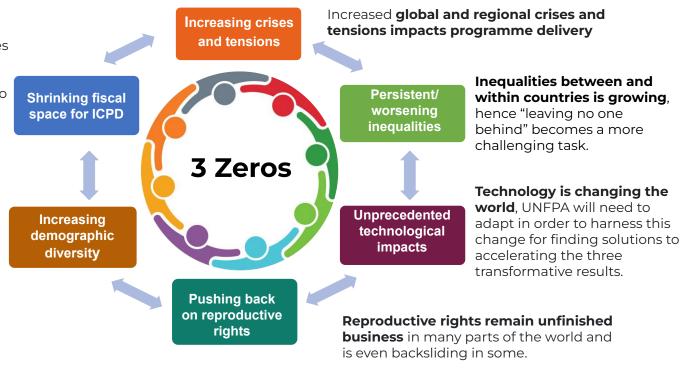
1. Global context

Increased uncertainty, weighing on acceleration towards 3 Zeros

Many programme countries are facing tighter financial conditions and shrinking fiscal space for ICPD, due to stagnant and even deteriorating economic growth in near future.

Demographic diversity,

including rapid ageing of societies, intensified forced migrations and rapid urbanization, will shape the trajectories for SDGs.





2. Noticeable progress (2022-2023)

Successfully rolled out of SP 2022-2025

- SP outputs, largely achieved the targets
- Programme design has been revamped
- Many new strategies in place, including FP/Gender/RM/ Strategic Partnerships; F4D strategy in progress
- Capacities building in new areas of work such as financing development, strategic foresight taking place
- Increased inclusions of 3TRs in UNSDCF
- Quantum/Quantum+ being developed and rolled-out, aligned with the SP

Global picture on 3 Zeros

- Since 2021, the unmet need for family planning, for any method, has remained at 8.5%
- Overall, the annual rate of reduction in maternal mortality between 2016- 2020 was -0.4%
- Almost ¼ of women have been subjected to IPV - a number stagnant for decades
- During 2016-2021, the prevalence of marriage before age 18 decreased by 9%, compared to 6% during 2011-2016
- Rate of reduction in FGM during 2016-2021 was 15%, compared to 9% in 2011-2016

COVID may have made things worse....

Contributions to global picture

- Annually, about 10% of maternal deaths averted
- 13 million unintended pregnancies averted
- Annually, about 12 million women in humanitarian settings reached with life-saving interventions
- 111,425 girls saved from FGM



3. Global trends towards 3 Zeros

Speed needed to achieve the 3 zeros by 2030



38X

Faster to end the unmet need for family planning



42X

Faster to end preventable maternal deaths



17X

Faster to end child marriage before the age of 18



10X

Faster to end female genital mutilation in West and Central Africa



Faster to end female genital mutilation in Arab States



4. Gaps and Strategic Priorities 2024-2025

Gaps

- 1. **Positioning** the 3 Zeros (e.g., in MICs)
- 2. Quality **Programming**
- 3. Gender and Social Norms
- 4. Data and Analytics
- 5. Focusing on **Accelerating** 3TRs
- 6. Normative Roles
- 7. Funding to **Financing**
- 8. Humanitarian, Development and Peace (DHP) **Complementarity**
- 9. Integration of **Megatrends**
- 10. Knowledge Management
- 11. OEE, including **Accountability**
- 12. Business Model



Sharpen UNFPA's **narrative** and evidence to **position** 3 Zeros in low fertility/ageing contexts

Increase knowledge, skills and capacity and explore and leverage available **financing**, especially from domestic resources

Strategic Priorities

Design and deploy impactful and innovative interventions for changing discriminatory gender and social norms

Develop capacity in data analytics and foresight, to design and effectively implement future-informed quality programmes

Enhance **normative role** via evidence and partnerships to take forward the ICPD and 3 Zeros

Optimize and systematize knowledge management including for better capturing, documenting and sharing innovative and success solutions

Future orientation of UNFPA



4.1 Sharpen UNFPA's narrative

Strategy

Focus on policy options, and fulfilment of reproductive rights & choices

Sharpen UNFPA's
narrative and
evidence to
position 3 Zeros
in low
fertility/ageing
contexts

Transformative Action

Capture and clarify the **multiplier effects** of investments in 3 Zeros on sustainable development

Build a strong evidence-base and knowledge assets of the relevance of 3 Zeros in diverse contexts



4.2 Enhance normative role

Strategy

Focus on thought leadership, evidence, and partnerships

Enhance
normative role
via evidence and
partnerships to
take forward the
ICPD and 3 Zeros

Transformative Action

Exploring/piloting **KPIs** to monitor and assess UNFPA's normative work and its **impacts**

Building stronger data, analytical, advocacy and communication capacities



4.3 Change gender and social norms

Strategy

Address **deep levers** to shape the fabric of cultural, legal, economic and social systems

Design and deploy impactful and innovative interventions for changing discriminatory gender and social norms

Transformative Action

Engage **social movements** and youth organizations, **social media** and new ways of communications for change

Build capacity in **behaviour change communication** in changing values, beliefs,
and attitudes, and strengthen measurement
and monitoring frameworks



4.4 Data/Analytics & foresight for quality programme

Strategy

Invest in closing the data and evidence gaps in the critical areas, and revamp country programme design and implementation

Develop capacity in data analytics and foresight, to design and effectively implement future-informed quality programmes

Transformative Action

Harness new sources of data and analytical capacities, and use generative AI for programming

Revitalize the data/analytics and foresight capacity for evidence-based and future-informed decisions



4.5 Leverage financing from diverse sources

Strategy

policies, assist local actors in budgeting and financing, and catalyze domestic and international private and public sources of financing

Increase
knowledge, skills
and capacity and
explore and
leverage available
financing,
especially from
domestic
resources

Transformative Action

Co-creating **innovative approaches, stronger links with IFIs**, and harnessing
new sources of financing

Enhancing capacities (in financing literacy, leveraging skills, financing analytics), necessary for **catalyzing financing** for acceleration of the ICPD PoA and SDGs



4.6 Optimize knowledge management

Strategy

Unleashing the power of knowledge via enhancing knowledge availability, accessibility, and utilization

Optimize and systematize knowledge management including for better capturing, documenting and sharing innovative and success solutions

Transformative Action

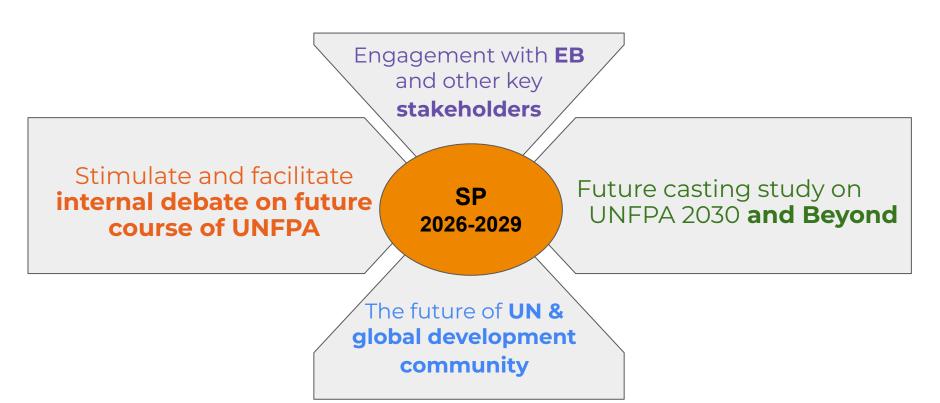
Leveraging artificial
intelligence (AI) to
revolutionise knowledge
management, and better
harnessing local knowledge

Strengthen internal institutional arrangements for knowledge management and staff capacity in knowledge generation and dissemination



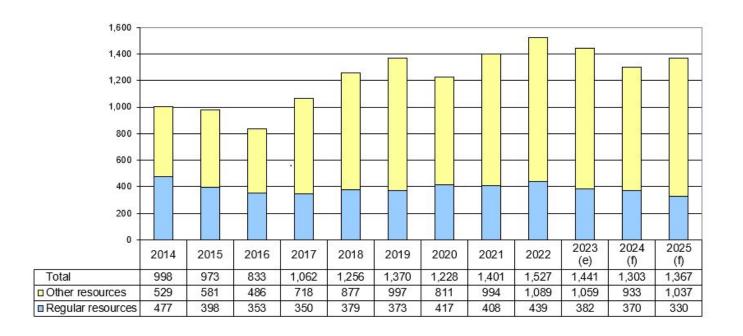
5. Prepare for Strategic Plan 2026-2029

UNFPA2030 - change by design rather than by accidents or events





6. Integrated Budget MTR: income projections



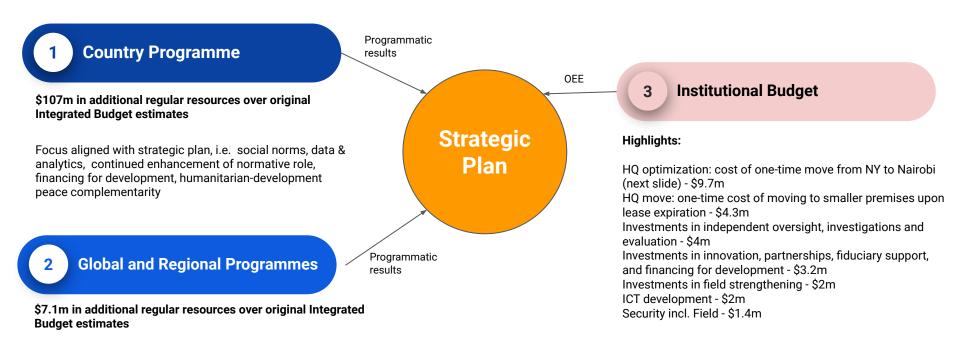
- UNFPA exceeded fundraising targets in 2022 and 2023, enabling us to boost programme funding
- Forecasts for 2024/2025 are prudent and conservative in light of budgetary pressures and uncertainties
- Share of core in total resources projected to decline from 28.7% to 25.7% core remains central to UNFPA's work



innovation, and PSEAH

Focus on population data, regional programme strengthening,

6.1 Integrated Budget MTR: key priorities





6.2 Integrated Budget MTR: HQ optimization

- Following rigorous organizational reviews, UNFPA has decided to merge its Policy and Strategy Division (PSD) and Technical Division (TD) into a new integrated Programme Division, which will be largely based in Nairobi, Kenya. The Independent Evaluation Office will also move to Nairobi
- The one-time costs of these changes are budgeted at \$9.7m in the midterm review, included under special purpose (no additional fundraising). These include the costs associated with staff relocations, staff separations, premise-related costs, ICT-related costs and dedicated project management capacity
- The changes are expected to be completed by the end of 2025. For this reason, the envisaged position changes will be reflected in the upcoming integrated budget, 2026-2029. Once the changes are completed, UNFPA expects annual savings of approximately \$3 million resulting principally from lower staff-related costs as well as reduced rental and other operating costs in Nairobi
- This means that the initial investment will be paid off in **approximately 3 years**, which is an excellent pay-back-period in any time and environment



6.3 Integrated Budget MTR: financial overview -

Continued emphasis on programme investments

	Integ	rated budget,	2022-2025	(DP/FPA/2	021/9)	N	MTR Integrated budget, 2022-2025			25
	Regular	Other res	ources	Total	Percentage	Regular	Other res	ources	Total	Percentage
1. Resources available	resources	Programme	Cost	resources	of total	resources		Cost	resources	of total
1. Resources available			recovery			Programme recovery				
Opening balance a'	131.8	574.8		706.6		181.2	830.0		1,011.2	
Income						•				
Contribution-gross	1,516.4	3,529.2	*	5,045.6		1,520.5	4,117.7	19	5,638.2	
Other b/	25.6	100 FEB 1	2	25.6		29.9	(7.4)	-	22.5	
Total income	1,542.0	3,529.2	2	5,071.2		1,550.4	4,110.3	- 2	5,660.7	
Less tax reimbursement	(23.8)			(23.8)		(22.6)	-	-	(22.6)	
Total available	1,650.0	4,104.0		5,754.0		1,709.0	4,940.3		6,649.3	
2. Use of resources										
A. Development activities										
A.1 Programme d	1,060.0	3,506.8	(235.5)	4,331.3	83.8%	1,176.5	4,307.8	(249.8)	5,234.6	85.7%
A.2 Development effectiveness	157.9			157.9	3.1%	159.0			159.0	2.6%
Total development	1,218.0	3,506.8	(235.5)	4,489.2	86.8%	1,335.6	4,307.8	(249.8)	5,393.6	88.3%
B. United Nations development coordination	17.1			17.1	0.3%	17.1			17.1	0.3%
C. Management activities	385.4	(* 2)	199.2	584.5	11.3%	379.5	- 3	214.5	594.1	9.7%
D. Independent oversight and assurance activities	33.6	-	26.9	60.5	1.2%	40.6	-	25.6	66.2	1.1%
E. Special purpose	10.4		9.4	19.8	0.4%	26.2	-	9.7	35.9	0.6%
Total use of resources (A+B+C+D+E)	1,664.4	3,506.8		5,171.2	100.0%	1,799.0	4,307.8	0.0	6,106.8	100.0%
3. Net amounts from/(to) reserves ^{e/}	14.4	-	-	14.4		101.5	-	0.0	101.5	
4. Balance of resources (1-2+3)	0.0	597.2	0.0	597.2		11.5	632.5	0.0	644.0	



6.4 Integrated Budget MTR: financial overview -

Proportional reduction of institutional budget as the organization grows

1. Resources available					
Sumn	nary institutional budget				
A.2	Development effectiveness				
B. U	nited Nations development coordination				
C. N	Ianagement recurring costs				
D1.	Corporate evaluation				
D2.	Audit and investigation				
E.1	Comparable Special Purpose				
E.2 1	Non Comparable Special Purpose				
Total					

Regular	Other reso	ources	Total	Percentage	
resources	Programme	Cost	resources	of total	
		recovery			
157.9	2)	(2.0	157.9	3.1%	
17.1	- 5	151	17.1	0.3%	
385.4	25	199.2	584.5	11.3%	
9.2	- -	8.0	17.2	0.3%	
24.4	25	19.0	43.3	0.8%	
8.4	5	9.4	17.8	0.3%	
2.0	₽	2	2.0	0.0%	
604.4	(-)	235.5	839.9	16.2%	

Regular	Other res	ources	Total	Percentage
resources		Cost	resources	of total
]	Programme			
159.0	-	-	159.0	2.6%
17.1	(7)	(T)	17.1	0.3%
379.5	-	214.5	594.1	9.7%
11.5	(5)	7.4	18.9	0.3%
29.1	-	18.2	47.3	0.8%
8.2	170	9.7	17.8	0.3%
18.0	2	_	18.0	0.3%
622.5	-	249.8	872.3	14.3%

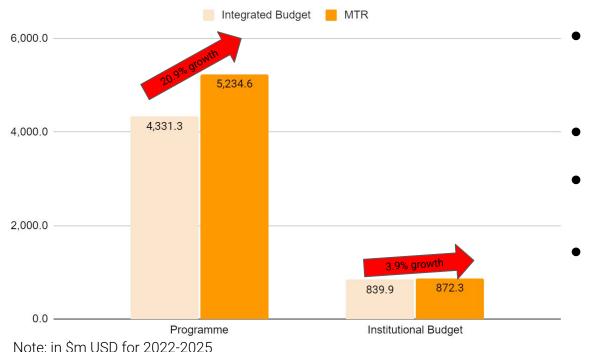
1. Resour	ces available
Summary	programme
Country p	rogrammes (Original)
Country p	rogrammes - add'l regular resources
Total Cou	intry Programme
Global an	d regional programme
Emergeno	cy fund
Total prog	gramme

Regular resources	Other res	ources	Total	Percentage of total
	Programme	Cost recovery	resources	
815.5	3,247.3	(218.1)	3,844.7	74.3%
815.5	3,247.3	(218.1)	3,844.7	74.3%
204.5	259.5	(17.4)	446.6	8.6%
40.0	(5-1)	-	40.0	0.8%
1,060.0	3,506.8	(235.5)	4,331.3	83.8%

	MTR Integra	ited budge	t, 2022-20	25	
Regular resources	Other res	ources	Total	Percentage	
		Cost	resources	of total	
	Programme	recovery			
815.5	3,980.2	(231.3)	4,564.4	74.7%	
107.4	7		107.4	1.8%	
922.9	3,980.2	(231.3)	4,671.7	76.5%	
211.6	327.7	(18.4)	520.8	8.5%	
42.0		143	42.0	0.7%	
1,176.5	4,307.8	(249.8)	5,234.6	85.7%	



6.5 Integrated Budget MTR: summary



- Clear prioritization of programmes: 20.9% growth versus 3.9% institutional budget growth
- Management costs fall from 11.3% to 9.7% of total resources
- Programme resources grow from 83.8% to 85.7% of total resources
- Economies of scale allow UNFPA to become more efficient when investments in the organisation grow



Thank you!

Discussion